

FRIDAY 15:40 - 17:30

Section:

Name & Surname: SAMPLE

Math 119 Spring 2021-2022

Quiz no.: 03

ID Number: SOLUTION

Date: 29.04.2022

Time Limit: ~10 Minutes

Grade:

1. Using logarithmic differentiation, find $f'(\frac{\pi}{4})$ if $f(x) = (\sin x)^{x^3}$ for $x \in (0, 1)$. Explain why $f(x)$ is defined for $0 < x < 1$.

Note that the logarithmic function has domain $(0, \infty)$.
To use logarithmic differentiation, $f(x) > 0$ on its domain.
For $x \in (0, 1)$, $\sin x > 0$ and $(\sin x)^{x^3} > 0$.

Now, take the natural logarithm both sides of $f(x) = (\sin x)^{x^3}$

$$\ln f(x) = x^3 \ln(\sin x)$$

Take derivative w.r.t. x ,

$$\frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} = 3x^2 \ln(\sin x) + x^3 \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$$

Thus, we have

$$f'(x) = (\sin x)^{x^3} [3x^2 \ln(\sin x) + x^3 \cot x]$$

Putting $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$,

$$\begin{aligned} f'(\frac{\pi}{4}) &= \left[\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}) \right]^{\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^3} \left[3\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^2 \ln(\sin \frac{\pi}{4}) + \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^3 \cot(\frac{\pi}{4}) \right] \\ &= \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^{\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^3} \left[3\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^2 \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^3 \right] \end{aligned}$$