

# SOLUTION KEY

**Section: 163**

Name & Surname: \_\_\_\_\_

Math 120 Spring 2017-2018

Quiz no.: 04

ID Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: 20.04.18

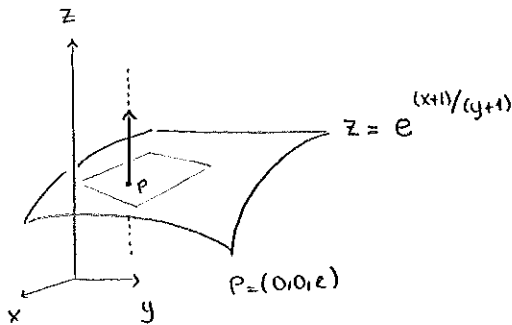
Time Limit: ~15 Minutes

Grade: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Find an equation of the line normal to the surface

$$e^{(x+1)/(y+1)} - z = 0$$

at the point  $(x, y, z) = (0, 0, e)$ .



Find the normal vector of the tangent plane to the surface  $e^{(x+1)/(y+1)} - z = 0$  at the point  $(0, 0, e)$ .

This normal vector is the direction vector of the line that is perpendicular to the surface at  $(0, 0, e)$ .

Check whether  $(0, 0, e)$  is on the surface or not:

$$e^{(0+1)/(0+1)} - e = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$(0, 0, e)$  is on the surface.

NORMAL VECTOR: Let  $f(x, y, z) = e^{(x+1)/(y+1)} - z$   
the gradient vector of  $f$  at  $(0, 0, e)$  gives the normal vector.

$$\nabla f(x, y, z) = (f_x, f_y, f_z) = \left( \frac{1}{y+1} \cdot e^{(x+1)/(y+1)}, -\frac{(x+1)}{(y+1)^2} e^{(x+1)/(y+1)}, -1 \right)$$

$$\nabla f(0, 0, e) = (e, -e, -1)$$

LINE EQUATION: The equation of the line passing through  $(0, 0, e)$  with direction vector  $\vec{d} = (e, -e, -1) = \nabla f(0, 0, e)$

$$(x, y, z) = (0, 0, e) + t(e, -e, -1), \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = t \cdot e \\ y = -t \cdot e \\ z = e - t \end{array} \right\} t \in \mathbb{R}$$